

CHIKOWI MOCK EXAMINATIONS

2026 PRIMARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION

ARTS AND LIFE SKILLS

MARKING KEYS

SECTION A (30 MARKS)	4. A	11. D	21. C
	5. C	12. A	22. B
	6. C	13. C	23. A
EXPRESSIVE ARTS (10 MARKS)	7. D	14. B	24. B
	8. B	15. D	25. C
	9. A	16. A	26. A
1. B	10. B	17. B	27. A
2. D		18. C	28. D
3. A	LIFE SKILLS (20 MARKS)	19. D	29. C
		20. A	30. B

SECTION B (70 MARKS)

EXPRESSIVE ARTS (40 MARKS)

31. a. i. Drama is acting out a situation in order to inform, educate and entertain the audience.

(ii). – Comedy

- Tragedy

(iii). Visual aspects

- sound effects

(b). i. Wedding ceremonies

- Initiation ceremonies

- Installation of chiefs

- political gatherings

- Festivals

- Funeral ceremonies

- Bridal send-off

(ii). It helps to improve the dance/performance

32. a. (i). Carved items

- Modelled items

- woven items

- knitted item

(ii). Ideas are clarified well



- It enables people to ask questions

(iii). It means accepting an offense

(b) (i). A sun table

(ii). – Poles

- nails / strings
- small stones
- bamboos

33. (a) (i). Career development is a life long process of assisting an individual to explore his/her career aspirations, ambitions and interests.

(ii). Pre- experience activities

- on-site activities
- Pos-site activities

(iii). It helps one to compare the job expectations with the reality of the job.

(b) (i). Low development in the community

- Leads to hatred
- Leads to low self-esteem
- Loneliness

(ii). Empathy means taking someone's problems as your own

34. (a) (i). Educational dances are dances that are created and performed by the learners.

(ii). A = Vimbuza in Chitipa

B = Ingoma in Mzimba

(iii). Removing the hat when crossing with elders

- Clapping hands when giving or receiving things from elders

(b) (i). Stylish carving = This is the carving which has definite shape and looks real but some parts are exaggerated deliberately

- Naturalistic carving = This is the carving which has definite shape and looks real like the real object

- Abstract carving = This is the carving which does not have definite shape and people interpret it differently

(ii). Wooden spoon

- curios
- hoe handle
- club
- mortal and pestle
- cooking stick

35. (a) (i). In order to sustain the learners interest



(b). Crush the papers into small pieces, sock them in water and then pound them, mix the papers with porridge to make a pulp. Use a mould e.g. a cup. Cover the mould with a wet paper and start pasting the pulp onto remove the mould.

(c). – A good dye should not fade in sunlight

- A good dye should not discolor with body sweat

- A good dye should not fade after repeated washing

- A good dye should not come out when used with laundry materials

(d). Resources that are big enough for all learners to see

- Resources should be clean

- Resources should be attractive

- Resources should be simple to use

- Resources should be learners friendly

- Resources that are accurate

(e). Improvisation is the use of resources as an alternative to something which is not readily available.

LIFE SKILLS (30 MARKS)

36. (a). Scarcity of the test facilities

- Transportation problem
- Lack of confidentiality
- Perception of low risk
- Fear of test results
- Lack of information

(b). News papers , Books , Radios and Television

(c). They don't negotiation for safer sex

- They maintain the home

- They take care of the sick

- Their biological make up make them more vulnerable to HIV infection

- They take part in community work

(d). Encouraging HIV positive pregnant women to go for guidance and counselling

- Encourage HIV positive pregnant women to take ARVs and not breast feed

- Avoid discriminating against people living with HIV

- Encourage both parents to go for HIV testing and counselling

- Conducting awareness campaign on prevention of HIV and AIDs



(e). During adolescence the youth easily copy their friends behavior and want to prove their ability o sex

37. (a). Anaemia

- Body weakness
- Unproductivity\
- Death

(b). A burning sensation when urinating

- A yellowing discharge from sexual organs

(c). (i). Gender inequality is the treatment which favours one gender over the other

(ii). Conflict is the disagreement between or among people

(d). Desire for sexual experimentation

- Lack of information about the dangers of sexual relationships
- Curiosity

38. (a) (i). It facilitates positive behavioral change

(ii). It helps family members to play a supportive role.

(b). Right to life

(c). Critical thinking

- Decision making
- Problem solving
- Peer pressure resistance
- Assertiveness

(d). Relationship within the family

- relationship among peers
- Relationship among junior and seniors
- Relationship between males and females
- Kin ship
- Ethnic

(e). Interpersonal relationships are relationships between or among people

39. (a). Peer guidance and counselling Is the process where members of the same age or group come together to help each other solve their problems

(b). Peer pressure

- Drug and substance abuse
- Sexual harassment
- Rape

(c). The provision of guidance and counselling

- Another person initiating a friendly talk
- Both sides or one of them accepting ideas from the other side
- The parents and children having the spirit of putting oneself into another's situation.

THE END

